



**MMUN 49
GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

Topic: The Promotion of Good Governance for Sustainable Development

Submitted by: General Assembly Fourth Committee

1 GUIDED BY the nine characteristics of good governance as established by the United
2 Nations Development Program: participation, rule of law, transparency, responsiveness,
3 consensus orientation, equity, effectiveness and efficiency, accountability, and strategic
4 vision, in line with the three pillars for sustainable development, economic, social, and
5 environmental,
6

7 APPROVING previous stances taken on sustainable development in the establishment of the
8 *Agenda 21*, the *Rio Declaration*, and the *Johannesburg Plan of Implementation* which
9 recognizes sustainable development as the integration of social, economic and environmental
10 factors into planning, implementation and decision-making so as to ensure that development
11 serves present and future generations,
12

13 RECALLING the necessity of continual analysis of *Agenda 21* and its need for update in
14 accordance with the evolving global community to find new ways to address meeting its
15 goals through the creation of good governance,
16

17 ACKNOWLEDGING the link between transparency of finances, investor confidence and
18 foreign direct investment (FDI) and the link between FDI and development,
19

20 REMEMBERING that sustainable development benefits not just the state or region but is a
21 global issue looking to create a global vision of sustainability,
22

23 REALIZING the 21st century has massive potential for profitable, sustainable markets to
24 emerge across the globe,
25

- 26 1. NOTES that the following suggestions are purely voluntary with no forced
27 commitments that jeopardize any states sovereign right to not join in the review
28 process and their ability to halt any action if a state feels jeopardized by the panel's
29 actions;
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- 31 2. RECOMMENDS individual states in cooperation with United Nations Environmental
32 Program (UNEP) develop national strategies to address specific opportunities for
33 green development while researching new green strategies for every state as detailed
34 in *Agenda 21*;
35
- 36 3. ENCOURAGES that an UNEP team of experts, from a wide range of sciences and
37 career backgrounds with specialties in the local environments, work with

- 38 governments of the respective countries find out what sustainable resources are
39 available and the best methods of optimizing their use through furthering research on
40 existing and yet undiscovered renewable, green technologies within each state
41 participating;
- 42
- 43 4. BELIEVES that accessing a nations resources will allow non-governmental
44 organizations (NGOs) and businesses to connect with areas of wise investment that
45 will increase capital flows in previously undeveloped regions while at the same time
46 increasing financial transparency and good governance;
- 47
- 48 5. CALLS for the group of experts to regularly evaluate the progress states are making
49 toward sustainability taking into account each state’s economic, environmental,
50 infrastructural, and technological capabilities;
- 51
- 52 6. REAFFIRMS the necessity for a report to be published every five years to track the
53 progress of participatory states for establishment of a more sustainable economy by
54 the UNEP team of experts in collaboration with the appropriate state government
55 agency;
- 56
- 57 7. CONFIRMS the need for local perspectives in sustainable development and good
58 governance practices, the panel will consist of experts from both the participating
59 state and from the multinational community;
- 60
- 61 8. SUPPORTS the implementation of specific programs identified on a state specific
62 basis to develop each state in the most effective way possible, being analyzed by the
63 expert panel on specific local needs, available resources and cultural values;
- 64
- 65 9. RECOGNIZES the need for community service to involve citizens on the ground in
66 the process of good governance, through educational, infrastructural, and small scale
67 sustainable projects, and the need to develop these programs on a state by state basis,
68 including programs such as,
- 69 a. *Kyoto Think Global Act Local Initiative*, which helps villagers in the
70 Himalayan region replant forests and sell Carbon storage space on global
71 markets to produce a sustainable, clean money supply,
- 72 b. e8’s Tuvalu Solar Power Project which currently produces over 3% of the
73 state’s energy demands, creating jobs, increasing a labor forces skill set,
74 reduces dangerous carbon emissions from tradition fossil fuels, promotes
75 economic growth, and helps states become energy independent,
- 76 c. Coral Triangle Initiative which works to promote sustainable fisheries and
77 ensure food security in the face of climate change, by enhancing coral
78 conservation in the Pacific region;
- 79
- 80 10. BELIEVES that small-scale projects like this have a tremendous ability to change the
81 lives of civilians as a means of development.