



**MMUN 49
GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**Topic: Convention on Prohibition or
Restrictions on the Use of Certain
Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed
to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have
Indiscriminate Effects**

Submitted by: General Assembly First Committee

The General Assembly,

- 1 REAFFIRMING the need of universality in the protocols of the Convention on
2 Prohibition on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons (CCW) as espoused in the Plan
3 of Action to Promote Universality of the CCW,
4
- 5 REITERATING the principles espoused in the Protocol on Prohibition or Restriction on
6 the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices (Protocol II) in the CCW,
7
- 8 DETERMINED to put an end to the suffering and casualties caused by anti-personnel
9 mines on civilian populations,
10
- 11 WISHING to do the utmost in providing assistance for the care and rehabilitation of anti-
12 personnel mine victims, including the social and economic reintegration of anti-personnel
13 mine victims,
14
- 15 RECOGNIZING the efforts of the Cambodia Trust, a non-profit currently operating in
16 Cambodia and Sri Lanka, to educate civilians on the care of their own community
17 members affected by anti-personnel mines,
18
- 19 REALIZING the need for access to education and technology on the effective mapping,
20 disarmament, and removal of anti-personnel mines,
21
- 22 1. CALLS UPON Member States that have not yet done so to take all measures
23 to become parties, as soon as possible, to the CCW and the protocols there to,
24 as amended, with a view to achieving the widest possible adherence to these
25 instruments at an early date, and so as to ultimately achieve their universality;
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- 27 2. FURTHER CALLS UPON all Member States to proactively discuss new
28 initiatives in the Ninth Meeting of States Parties to the CCW on reducing the
29 amount of anti-personnel mines in stockpiles and in-use in the field;
30
- 31 3. EMPHASIZES the need for a Land Mine Trust, operated under the United
32 Nations Development Program (UNDP), entrusted with facilitating programs

33 similar to the Cambodia Trust to educate civilians to care for community
34 members affected by anti-personnel mines,

- 35
- 36 a. the purpose of the Land Mine Trust is to build local capacity in
 - 37 prosthetics and orthotics to reduce reliance on expatriate expertise,
 - 38 b. the Land Mine Trust will ensure the local sustainability of health and
 - 39 rehabilitation services for disabled people in the developing world;
 - 40

- 41 4. URGES Member States to form a U.N. school, located in the United States
42 and voluntarily funded by Member States, with the intention to build regional
43 sites throughout the world, to train the military personnel according to the
44 Integrated Disarmament Remobilization and Reintegration Strategy, of
45 participating Member States on the effective mapping, disarmament, and
46 removal of anti-personnel mines,

- 47
- 48 a. this U.N. school would provide a quality and standardized training
 - 49 program on the effective mapping, disarmament, and removal of anti-
 - 50 personnel mines,
 - 51 b. we encourage Member States to follow the example of monetary and
 - 52 personnel support for the U.N. school as shown by Jordan, Nigeria,
 - 53 Saudi Arabia, and the United States,
 - 54 c. oversight of the funding for the U.N. school would consist of a
 - 55 standing committee of rotating members similar to that of the Security
 - 56 Council,
 - 57 d. after training, encourages participating Member States to assist non-
 - 58 participating Member States in these de-mining efforts;
 - 59

- 60 5. ENCOURAGES Member States to increase funding to the UNDP for
61 technology such as radar, extraction equipment, and unmanned vehicles
62 capable of disarming and removing anti-personnel mines which cause
63 indiscriminate harm to civilian populations;

- 64
- 65 6. ENDORSES the adoption by Member States of domestic laws penalizing the
66 use, import, export, transfer, trade, production, development, possession, sale,
67 purchase, or acquisition of anti-personnel mines by non-state actors with
68 assistance from relevant UN Bodies and Agencies.